CLS/80802377

SAFETY DATA SHEET C-Cement



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: C-Cement
Product code	: 80802377 (98-680); 80805238 (98-681); 80806201 (98-682)
Product use	: Adhesive.
Supplier's details	: Patch Rubber Company 100 Patch Rubber Road Weldon, NC 27890 USA T: (252) 536-2574
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: roa-coa@patchrubber.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC: United States and Canada :1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC: Outside United States and Canada: 001-703-527-3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200) and Health Canada Hazadous Product Regulations - WHMIS 2015

Classification of the substance or mixture	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 40%
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	-	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): neoprene, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
		Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.
		Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed.
		Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor.
		Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number : Not applicable.		
Product code : 80802377 (98-680); 808052	238 (98-681); 80806201 (98-682)
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	60 - 100	64742-49-0
heptane	30 - 45	142-82-5
3-methylhexane	0 - 30	589-34-4
Methylcyclohexane	0 - 20	108-87-2
2-Methylhexane	0 - 15	591-76-4
3-Ethylpentane	0 - 5	617-78-7
2,3-dimethylpentane	0 - 5	565-59-3
carbon black, respirable other than powder 1 - 5		1333-86-4
Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentialit	v or is due to batch variation	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Most important symptoms/e	mects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>		
Eye contact	: May cause eye irritation.		
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.		
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.		
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>otoms</u>		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. high concentrations: heartbeat irregularity (arrhythmia) 		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide smoke fumes or vapor Hydrocarbon.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Dike area of fire to prevent runoff.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain it to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway.
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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits			
None.			
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 85 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 10 hours. CEIL: 440 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 440 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1610 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.			

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 1600 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Methylhexane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
3-Ethylpentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2,3-Dimethylpentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
carbon black, respirable other than powder	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
Canada Occupational Exposure Limits	
heptane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 2/2015). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2013). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
3-methylhexane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Methylcyclohexane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 1610 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 2/2015). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2013). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1610 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1610 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Methylhexane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
2,3-dimethylpentane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
3-Ethylpentane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 2050 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 1640 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
carbon black, respirable other than powder	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 2/2015). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2013). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): neoprene, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Ensure an MSHA/NIOSH-approved respirator or equivalent is used (applicable in the United States).

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Black.
Odor	: Hydrocarbon.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 93.3°C (199.9°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -10°C (14°F)
Evaporation rate	: 4.2 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1% Upper: 7%
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: 3.5 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.82 [Water = 1]
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 223°C (433.4°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02/03/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 1 8/16

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity

: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials strong acids
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
heptane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	103 g/m³	4 hours
Methylcyclohexane	LD50 Oral	Rat	>3200 mg/kg	-
carbon black, respirable other than powder	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
heptane	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-
3-methylhexane	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Methylcyclohexane	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
2-Methylhexane	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
3-Ethylpentane	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
2,3-dimethylpentane	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

Skin

: Causes skin irritation.

Sensitization

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
carbon black, respirable other than powder	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
heptane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
3-methylhexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Methylcyclohexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2-Methylhexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
3-Ethylpentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
2,3-dimethylpentane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
heptane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-methylhexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Methylcyclohexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-Methylhexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
3-Ethylpentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2,3-dimethylpentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Ocular.
Potential acute health effects	5	
Eye contact	1	May cause eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 02/03/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 1 10/16

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms related to the phy	510	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	1	No specific data.
	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ect</u>	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
-		

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
heptane	Acute LC50 375000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours
Methylcyclohexane	Acute LC50 5800 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
carbon black, respirable other than powder	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

11/16

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
heptane	4.66	552	high
Methylcyclohexane	3.61	112	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.	
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Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any federal, state and regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material
	and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	-	-	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1133	UN1133	-	-	UN1133	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives	ADHESIVES	-	-	ADHESIVES	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	-	-	3	3
Label	RAMMAR IZID					
	¥2	¥22			¥2	
Packing group	11	11	-	-	11	11
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	-	-	Marine Pollutant: Yes	No.
Date of issue/Date of r	evision :	02/03/2016 Date o	f previous issue	: No previous validat	tion. Version	 :1 1:

Section 14. Transport information Additional This product is Product Emergency The environmentally information not regulated classified as schedules as a marine per the <u>(EmS)</u> hazardous pollutant when following substance F-E, S-D sections of the transported on mark may inland Transportation appear if waterways in of Dangerous required by sizes of ≤5 L or other Goods ≤5 kg or by Regulations: 2. transportation road, rail, or 18-2.19 (Class regulations. inland air in 3). Passenger non-bulk sizes, and Cargo provided the Explosive <u>Aircraft</u> packagings Limit and Quantity meet the limitation: 5 L Limited general **Quantity Index** Packaging provisions of 5 instructions: §§ 173.24 and 353 173.24a. Passenger Cargo Aircraft **Only**Quantity Carrying Limited Road or Rail limitation: 60 L quantity <u>Index</u> Packaging Yes. instructions: 5 364 Packaging Limited instruction Quantities -Passenger Passenger aircraft Aircraft Quantity Quantity limitation: 5 L limitation: 1 L Packaging Cargo aircraft instructions: Quantity Y341 limitation: 60 L Special

<u>Special</u> <u>provisions</u> 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8			provisions A3
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Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	:	Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL and		
the IBC Code		

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: heptane; Methylcyclohexane
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: toluene; ethylbenzene; benzene
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: toluene; ethylbenzene; benzene; Formaldehyde, solution
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed

Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Formaldehyde, solution	<0.1	Yes.	500	73.9	100	14.8

SARA 304 RQ

: 854700.9 lbs / 388034.2 kg [125009.5 gal / 473212.4 L]

SARA 311/312 Classification

: Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
heptane 3-methylhexane Methylcyclohexane 2-Methylhexane 3-Ethylpentane 2,3-dimethylpentane carbon black, respirable other than powder	 ≥25 - <50 ≥25 - <50 ≥10 - <25 ≥10 - <25 ≥5 - <10 ≥5 - <10 ≥5 - <10 ≥5 - <10 	Yes. Yes. Yes. Yes. No. No.	No. No. No. No. No. No. No.	No. No. No. No. No. No. No.	Yes. Yes. Yes. Yes. Yes. No.	No. No. No. No. No. Yes.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: HEPTANE (N-HEPTANE); 3-METHYLHEXANE; METHYLCYCLOHEXANE; ISOHEPTANE; 2,3-DIMETHYLPENTANE; CARBON BLACK
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: n-HEPTANE; HEPTANE; 3-METHYLHEXANE; HEXANE, 3-METHYL-; METHYLCYCLOHEXANE; CYCLOHEXANE, METHYL-; 2, 3-DIMETHYLPENTANE; PENTANE, 2,3-DIMETHYL-; CARBON BLACK
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: HEPTANE; HEXANE, 3-METHYL-; CYCLOHEXANE, METHYL-; HEXANE, 2-METHYL-; PENTANE, 2,3-DIMETHYL-; CARBON BLACK

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
carbon black, respirable other than powder	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
toluene	No.	Yes.	No.	7000 μg/day (ingestion)
Formaldehyde, solution	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	No.
benzene	Yes.	Yes.	6.4 μg/day (ingestion) 13 μg/day (inhalation)	24 µg/day (ingestion) 49 µg/day (inhalation)

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: Heptane (all isomers); Heptane (all isomers); Heptane (all isomers); Heptane (all isomers); Heptane (all isomers)	
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.	
Canada inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.	

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals				
Not listed.				
<u>Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)</u>				
Not listed.	Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants				
Not listed.				
Rotterdam Convention	on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)			
Not listed.				
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals				
Not listed.				
International lists				
National inventory				
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.			
China	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.			
Malaysia	: All components are listed or exempted.			
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Turkey	: Not determined.			

15/16

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Class	ification	Justification		
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method		
History				
Date of printing	: 02/03/2016			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02/03/2016			
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.			
Version	: 1			
Key to abbreviations	BCF = Bioconcentration Fa GHS = Globally Harmonize IATA = International Air Tra IBC = International Air Co IMDG = International Mariti LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL = International Co	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations		
References	: Not available.			

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.